Plummer Esq.
Exeter

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Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1939.] PHILADELPHIA: TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 4, 1798. [VOLUME XIV.

☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.*

For Sale,



THE SHIPS,

AERIAL,

AND



PENNSYLVANIA,

BURTHEN about three hundred tons each, built of the best materials and well found—may be sent to sea at a small expence. The character of these ships are so well known, that a particular description of them is deemed unnecessary. For terms apply to

GURNEY & SMITH.

nov. 22 §

For Sale,



THE SHIP

BOSTON PACKET,

HULINGS COWPERTHWAIT, Master,

BURTHEN about 2,500 barrels, a good strong Ship—has excellent accommodations for passengers, may be sent to sea with small expence. She is laying at Mifflin's wharf. For further particulars enquire of

Isaac Harvey, jun, or
Smith & Ridgway.

november 16 §12t

☞ Said ship, if not sold on, or before the 5th of December, inst. will on that day, in the evening, be offered for sale by public auction, at the merchants's coffee house.

Smith & Ridgway,
Isaac Harvey, jun.

dec. 3.

FOR SALE,



THE SHIP

PERSEVERANCE,

James Williamson, master.

Just arrived from St Domingo, built in Philadelphia, of live Oak and Cedar, copper sheathed in London, burthen 320 tons mounting 16 guns and may be prepared for sea in a few days,

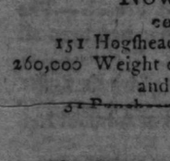
With her Cargo,

Now on Board,

CONSISTING OF

151 Hogsheads and 50 barrels Sugar
260,000 Weight of prime Coffee in hhds. bbls and bags &

ALSO,



THE BRIG

JACK,

R. WILLIAMSON, *Master.*

FROM St. Domingo, with her cargo, consisting of

43 hogsheads of Sugar,
And 40,000 weight of prime Coffee.

LIKEWISE,



THE BRIG

AMIABLE MATILDA,

MOUNTING 12 Guns, burthen two thousand two hundred barrels of flour, and in compleat order.—Apply to

Thomas & John Ketland.

november 13 §

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.

The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

Who has For Sale,



TWO

Sloops,



Well calculated for the river trade—

The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen,

Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.

The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Goldthwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

august 3 §

BOSTON BEEF,

200 Barrels in Shipping Order.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN SKYRIN,

No. 96, North Front-street.

Who wants to Charter,



A GOOD STOUT VESSEL,

Of about 300 Tons burthen.

HAS ALSO FOR SALE,

40 Pipes of Madeira Wine, 3 years old.

nov 21 m4t

Old Madeira Wine.

27 pipes of old London particular

MADEIRA WINE,

in strong iron bound Hambro' casks, for sale by ROBERT ANDREWS.

Nov. 30. codtf



SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 119, SOUTH FRONT STREET,

Next door to the Custom House.

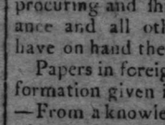
THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 §

FOR WILMINGTON,

NORTH-CAROLINA,



THE SHIP

COMMERCE,

Captain WOOD,

WILL take in freight on very moderate terms, and sail about the 25th instant. Apply to the Captain on board at Latimer's wharf, or

Willings & Francis,

Penn Street.

november 16 §

For SALE or CHARTER,

THE SHIP



MOLLY,

Burthen 4200 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built, well found and fitted, and may be ready to receive a cargo in a few days—she is pierced 18 guns, and mounts 12 new six pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE SHIP



DIANA,

Burthen 2,100 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built of live oak and cedar, is pierced for fourteen guns, and mounts ten new four pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE BRIG



AMAZON,

Burthen 1,300 barrels of Flour, New-England built, has lately been completely fitted, and may be ready for sea in a few days.

For terms apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Who have for Sale

on board sundry wharfs at Marcus Hook

12,000 bushels of Liverpool fine salt
1,100 bushels of coals
286 crates of queens ware assorted
7 tierces of bottled porter
10 barrels of coleothard paint
4 do. of purple brown do.
a quantity of yellow ocre in casks
6 barrels powdered Venetian red paint
6 barrels mineral black do.
15 barrels Spanish brown do.
35 boxes of pipes
91 boxes white } HAVANA SUGARS
89 do. brown }
3,500lbs. prime cochineal
3 barrels New Orleans indigo
4 puncheons Jamaica spirits
20 bales of sail canvass
379 sheets of copper, assorted from 48 by 24 to 60 by 48 inches
Two tubs raised still bottoms assorted
36 six pound guns 4½ feet, 8¼cwt each
14 do. 4 feet, 1cwt and 4lbs each
50 barrels of gun powder
6 cases Manchester cotton checks
3 trunks muslins and shawls
14 cases muslinets, dimities and ginghams
28 chests coloured nankeens, muslinets, &c.
11 trunks printed calicoes
6 bales of white and coloured cassimeres
1 bale of course woollens
English nails assorted.

October 27. fri. &sat. tf.

For Sale,

THE SHIP



ALEXANDER,

Gideon Hall, master,

BURTHEN about 1000 barrels; an excellent live-oak and cedar built vessel; four years old sails remarkably fast, and is now ready to receive a Cargo. Apply to

John Whitesides & Co.

Market street, nov. 28 d6t

HUDSON & YORKE,

NO. 54, NORTH FRONT STREET,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

Per the last arrivals from Europe,

A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Which they will dispose of on reasonable terms,

AMONGST WHICH ARE

Superfine and coarse cloths, coatings,
Elastic and fancy do.
Cassimeres, plains, duffils
Rose and stripe blankets well assorted in small bales
Furniture chintzes, cottons and dimeties
Callimancoes, camblets, durants, moreens, and joans
Muslins of all kinds
Velvets, velverets, thicksetts and fancy cords
An elegant assortment of ribbons
Red, white and yellow flannels
Red and green bocking and welsh baizes
An invoice cutlery and hardware
Cottonades, shawls, printed handkerchiefs
7-8 4-4 11-8 checks
9-8 & 5-4 cotton stripes
Cotton, worsted and silk hosiery
do do Gloves
Threads, bindings, tapes, &c. &c.

nov. 9. d18t

JOHN MILLER, jnr.

Has returned to the City,

AND IS REMOVING FROM NO. 8, CESNUT,

To the Five Story Building, in Dock near Third-street.

Where he has for Sale

250 Bales of Bengal Gods;

CONSISTING OF

Cossaes
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

The remains of a Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of WOOLENS only

AMONGST THEM ARE,

Cloths
Coatings
Blankets
Kendal Cottons
Hats, &c.

ALSO,

100 Hhds. of Old RUM,

Of a fine flavor, 3d & 4th proof.

nov 10 §

REMOVAL.

GEORGE DOBSON,

INFORMS his friends and the Public in general that he has removed from No. 25, South Third street, to No 92, South side of Market-street, near the corner of Third Street, and is now opening a very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE PRESENT SEASON,

WHICH HE HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per the ships William Penn, Amiable, and Jane, from London, and per Chesapeak and Thomas from Liverpool, and will be sold low for cash, or approved notes at a short date, viz.

London 7-4 Superfine Cloths and

Cassimeres, fashionable colours
Yorkshire 7-4 do. and do.
Mixed and plain coatings
Welch flannels
Kersey beaver, for Spencers
Jeannets and Tabby cords
Velvets and velvetteens
Velverets and thicksetts
7, 8, 4-4 and 11-8 cotton and linen checks
7-8 and 4-4 bed ticks
6-4 and 7-4 bed bunts
London chintz and chintz furnitures
Furniture cottons
Do. dimities
Purple and chintz shawls
Silk do.
Camels hair do.
Silk, cotton, and worsted hose
India and British muslins of every description
Black and white crape
Tiffany and paper fans
Hats assorted in small cases
Umbrellas
Peelings and sattins
Laces and edgings
Ribbands
Blue do.
Superfine French cambrick
Cambrick muslins
Do. threads
Pulicat and Madras Handkerchiefs,

And an elegant assortment of

Brussels and Wilton Carpeting.

november 17 §

IMPORTED,

AND FOR SALE BY

ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.

No. 9, SOUTH WATER STREET,

A QUANTITY OF

Surinam Cotton and Coffee.

Irish linens, in whole and half boxes
Checks
Drogheda linen
Irish hackled Flax
Liverpool Salt and Coal.

ALSO A PARCEL OF

Men's and Women's Combs assorted.
Scot's Thread—and
One hundred hogsheads of prime Aux-Cayes MOLASSES.

11 mo. 12th daw

IMPORTED

IN THE LAST ARRIVALS,

Superfine, fine and common cloths

Swandowns
Baizes
Velvetts
Velverette
Printed calicoes
Furniture & fancy dimities
Hair ribbands
Sewing silk
Brussels and Persia carpetts
Buttons

For sale, for cash or credit, by

SAMUEL MERRICK.

no. 243 Arch street

nov. 16 §tJan1

LANDING,

From on board the Brig Amiable Matilda, Richard Stites, Master, from Cape Nichola Mole.

23 Bales Socks and Flannel Drawes } Such as are used in the King's army.
18 Do Gaiters
2 Do. Rugs
1 Do. Havre Sacks
2 Do. Flannel Trowsers
2 Do. Tents,

Also just Imported,

In the Ship Chesapeake, Captai Webb, from Liverpool,

147 Crates of Queen's Ware,

Assorted particularly to suit the West-India Market—For Sale by

Thomas & John Ketland.

november 7 §

Now Landing,

From on board the ship John Bulkeley, and for sale at the stores of Jesse & Robert Waln,

350,000 weight of Java Coffee,

of the first quality in hgs.

150,000 weight of Java Sugar,

in cannisters.

nov. 23 dtf

BOND & BROOKS,

CORNER OF MARKET AND SIXTH STREETS,

HAVE RECEIVED,

by the late arrivals from London, Liverpool and Hull,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Which they are now opening for sale, at the most reduced prices, for cash or the usual credit.

A capital Stand for Business

TO LET,

That large and commodious *HOUSE*, no. 39, south Front street, directly opposite the Post-Office, together with the store and cellar, on the Water-street side. Enquire as above.

nov 17 §

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY OF

ROCOA.

ALSO—A few bales of excellent Cayenne Cotton. subject to drawback—enquire of

JEHU HOLLINGSWORTH & Co.

No. 47, Penn Street

nov. 24 dtf

JAMAICA RUM,

A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,

FOR SALE BY

PETER BLIGHT,

Apply at Stores on the Wharf,

WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,

BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof
Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. dtf

For sale by the subscribers,

A FEW BALES OF

WOOLENS,

Containing Cloths & Blankets,

150 bales Bengal muslins
20 do. Madras handkerchiefs, elegant patterns
202 pieces Russia sheeting
10 boxes umbrellas
a quantity of cassia
30 tons Petersburg clean hemp
25 pipes, 3 years old, finest particular Madeira wine
a quantity of sheathing copper

Mordecai Lewis.

nov. 26 d2w

Just imported in ships William Penn, Amiable and Jean, from London,

A quantity of Cannon, sizes 4, 6 & 9 lb. } with balls
Carronades, 12 lbs. } suitable.
Musquets, Musquetoons, Cutlasses and Pistols, for ships use, } By the package only.
Rifled barreled Guns, Fowling Pieces, and Horseman's Pistols, } By the package only.
400,000 Flints, chiefly for muskets, in kegs. } By the package only.
Regulation Light Dragoon Sabres, with Iron Scabbards, in cases of 50 each,
Light Cavalry Swords in Cases
Sabres, Swords and Cutlasses, with plated mounting
Ironmongery and Cutlery in casks, a general assortment—For Sale by

Thomas & Jno. Ketland,

Philad. October 25.

Just Arrived,

In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,

Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.

Brimstone.

An assortment of valuable DRUGS,

CONSISTING OF

Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,

St. Croix Sugars,

Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality.

JAMES YARD.

November 3 §

ISRAEL PLEASANTS & Co.

No. 74, South Second street,

Have returned from the country; and have for SALE, as usual, a large assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Imported in the last vessels from Europe, consisting of articles principally suited to the present and approaching season

They are determined to sell off very low for cash or short credit.

Note. All persons indebted to the late firm of *Samuel Pleasants & Sons*, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

Israel Pleasants & Co.

Nov. 2 d4w

Genteel Boarding & Lodging,

IN A HEALTHY SITUATION.

MRS. M'CREA informs her friends and the Public, that she is prepared to accommodate several Gentlemen, with genteel Boarding and Lodging, at No. 17, Filbert street.

nov. 28 dtf

DESERTED,

FROM the ship of war *Delaware*, under the command of the subscriber, two seamen, viz.—

Francis Cazenave, a Portuguese, aged 28, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark complexion, black eyes and hair, speaks French and Spanish fluently, and tolerable good English. Also.

Thomas Pendergrast, an Englishman, aged 26, about 5 feet 7 inches high, light hair, fresh complexion and blue eyes.

Whoever apprehends said deserters, and delivers them on board any ship of war belonging to the United States, or lodges them in goal shall receive 20 dollars reward, or 10 dollars for either of them.

STEPHEN DECATUR.

nov. 24 d10t

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES THOMPSON, of the Indian Queen, Fourth street deceased. are desired to make payment to the subscribers—and those who have any demands against the said estate, are requested to send in their accounts duly attested for settlement, to

MARGARET THOMPSON, } Administratrix.
JOHN THOMPSON, } Administrator.

nov. 23 d1m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of doctor Hugh Hodge, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the Estate are desired to authenticate and present them to.

MARIA HODGE, administratrix.
SAMUEL HODGDEN, administrator.

nov 20 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Doctor FRANCIS BOWES SAYRE, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the said Estate, are desired to produce the same, duly authenticated, to

Ann Sayre, } Administratrix.
Robert Heysham, } Administrator.

november 15 d2w

To be Sold at Auction,

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,

On THURSDAY, the 13th December next,

At the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in BOSTON, precisely at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Two Notes of Hand,

Signed by Kelly and Clark, and indorsed by Martin Kinsley, Thomas Barber and James Greenleaf, dated December 18, 1795, and payable the 1st day of January, 1799, viz.

One Note for three thousand six hundred dollars, and one Note for four thousand eight hundred dollars.

Boston, november 14 (22)

The Subscribers

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN INVOICE OF

Choice Cheshire & Double Gloucester

CHEESE.

[Per the CHESAPEAKE from Liverpool.]

100 Boxes of Window Glass,

Of various sizes, per the JANE, from London.

They have also for Sale,

200 Casks of Refined Salt-Petre,

AND A QUANTITY OF

Fine CASTOR OIL.

James C. & Samuel W. Fisher.

November 1 dtf

FOR SALE,

By FISHBOURN WHARTON,

at No. 128 South Fourth-street.

China Ware,
Nankeens
Teas
Boglipores
Lutestrings, &
Silk Shawls.

nov. 13. odtf

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following certificates of Funded Debt, standing in the name of Robert Whitworth, of Chelsea, London, the said Certificates having been forwarded by the ship Ellice, Hatvey, from London for New-York, captured by the French, and supposed to be lost.

No. 11437, 6 Per Cent. Stock, dated New-York, 18th April, 1796, for Dollars. 1481,47.

No. 8171, 3 Per Cent. dated New-York, 18th April 1796, for dollars 400.

SAMUEL MILBANK.

november 18 d6w

James & William Miller,

No. 53, North Third Street,

Near Arch street, have the following articles for sale upon moderate terms for cash, or the usual credit.

Scarlet Cloths,

Low and middling quality, Mulberry and Green ditto, White, Red, and Yellow Irish Flannels, Blue, Green, and Mulberry half thicks. India calicoes, Gurrahs, Mamoodies, Guzzines, and other muslins, fancy and plain cotton hose, velvets, thicksetts and fancy cords, sewing silk and twist of all colours, ferreting, hair ribbon, coloured threads, India flag bandanoes, and other black and coloured silk handkerchiefs, a variety of other cotton do. Soute romals, red Gilia handkerchiefs, moreens, soan spinning, fustians, beavers, jeans, fatinetts and royal ribbs, also muslinets and dimities, ginghams, ladies' kid and coloured gloves; &c.

nov. 21 d10t

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.

N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

november 5 §

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock, standing in the name of Hodgson Atkinson of London, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, capt. Kidd, captured by the French, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

No. 2424, issued in lieu of No. 1891, 1892, 5662 and 16640, for 4 shares.

No. 3020, issued in lieu of 11055, and 11057, for 3 shares.—7 shares.

THOMAS M'EUEN & Co.

nov. 28 d3m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN SPURRIER, late of this city deceased are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against said estate are desired to render their accounts properly attested to the subscriber for settlement

ELEANOR SPURRIER,
Administratrix.

nov. 28 ¶3t

NOTICE,

ALL Persons having claims upon the Estate of James Thorburn, Stonecutter, deceased, are desired to present them for payment—and those indebted to pay their respective ballances to

Benjamin W. Morris, administrator.

nov 14 3tW&S

☞ *The ship Carolinus, Capt. Alexander Melley's Letter Bag for Cork and Liverpool to be taken from the Post-Office the 4th inst.*

12*th mo* 1, 1798.

Notice.

THE creditors to JAMES COSLEY, esq'r, estate are requeded to meet at Bender's tavern in Second street, on the 7th of next month, at five o'clock, P. M. to consult on business respecting said estate.

N, B. At the request of Benjamin Harper, late Assignee to James Corley.

dec. 1 ¶3t

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Alexander Bilsland, deceased, or to the Firm of Alexander Bilsland and Co. are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and those having demands against the said estate, or to the firm of A. Bilsland and Co. are desired to produce the same to

ANN BILSLAND,
Administratrix to the Estate of Alexander Bilsland, deceased

dec. 1 d1m

ALL PERSONS

Indebted to the Estate of Mr. JOHN FENNO, late of Philadelphia, deceased, are desired to make payment, and those having any demands, to present them for settlement, to

SAMUEL BLODGET, Adm'r.
or
JOHN WARD FENNO, Agent to the administration.

nov. 30 6m

Boarding and Lodging.

GENTEEL boarding and lodging, with suitable accommodation for servants, may be had at no. 53, north Fourth street. The house has been free from sickness and shut up during the late fever

december 1 d3t

FOUND,

ON the evening of the 29th ultimo, sundry BANK NOTES. The owner, by proving his right, may receive them on paying the expense of this advertisement.

December 1. 3t

TO LET,

A THREE STORY HOUSE,
IN UNION-STREET,

Enquire of *MARY GREEN* in Laurel-street running from Spruce, between Second and Third-streets.

dec 1 d3t

Lancaster County Butter,

IN KEGS,—FOR SALE,
Enquire at No. 92, Market-street, near Third-Street.

dec 1 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Estate of *Benjamin Harper*, late of the Northern Liberties, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment and those having any demands against said estate to forward their accounts properly attested for settlement to

RACHEL HARPER, *executrix.*
THOS. SHOEMAKER, *executor.*

12th mo. 1st ¶3t

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

HALLOWELL & RHOADS

BEING this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons having demands against said Firm, are desired to bring in their accounts for settlement, and those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment to Samuel Rhoads, who is authorized to receive the same.

E. HALLOWELL
SAMUEL RHOADS.

dec. 1 §

The Subscribers

Have received by the late European arrivals, the

Following Merchandize,

Shipped them principally on consignment, which they offer by package to Wholesale Store Keepers, or others, on very advantageous terms, for cash, approved notes, or bills of exchange on London.

Medford & Willis,
No. 78, North Front Street.

IRISH LINENS.

Printed calicoes, furnitures, purple and colored shawls
Muslins, plain, striped, checked and fancy
Ballafore, jaconet and book handkerchiefs
Pins and sundry haberdashery
Scotch and colored threads
Scarlet cloth cardinals
Durants and calamancoes
Worsted, cotton and fancy hosiery
Felt, castor and beaver hats
Yorkshire plains and broadcloths
Plain and twilled coatings and duffills
Cassimeres and swanskowns
Stripe, point and rose blankets
White colored and Welsh flannels
Knapt Kendall cottons
Worsted and mohair plushes
Pewter, assorted in small casks
Spades, shovels, frying pans & ironmongery
An invoice of Watches &
100 casks nails assorted.

nov 12 §

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

ALEXR. J. MILLER, & Co.

BEING dissolved on the first instant, by the death of James Davis, all persons indebted to the same are requested to settle with the subscriber, and those to whom they are indebted are requested to call on him for payment.

ALEXR. J. MILLER,
No. 64, South Front street.

Who has on hand,

TO BE DISPOSED OF ON LOW TERMS,
By the Package or Piece.

Fine plain and tamboured Muslins
Guzzennas
Baftas
Cossaes
Rabobgungies
India Callicoes
Book Muslins
Coloured ditto
Real & Mock Madras & pullicat hkfs.
Brown Silesias
Tickings, &c. &c.

JUST ARRIVED,
AN ASSORTMENT OF
Irish Linens & Russia Sheetings.

nov 28 §

Joseph Thomas's Creditors

ARE requested to meet at the *City Tavern*, in Second, near Walnut street, on Tuesday evening, the 4th December,

nov. 30 4t

Volunteer Greens.

THE Gentlemen composing the Troop of Volunteer Greens, will meet at Wm. Ogden's Tavern, in Chesnut-street, on Thursday evening the 6th instant, at 6 o'clock, on business of importance.

JOHN MORRELL Capt.

December 3 1798.

LETTERS.

TO go by the ship Amiable, Daniel C. Tillinghast, master, for London, will be received at No. 12, North Third-street, untill the 8th inst. inclusive.

dec. 3. dt8th

WOODBURY ACADEMY.

THE Trustees of the Woodbury Academy, in the county of Gloucester, New-Jersey, have the satisfaction to inform the numerous patrons of that institution, that they have engaged *the Reverend Thomas Picton*, to be the principal, and to take upon himself the charge of the above seminary of learning, and that the school will be opened on *Monday* the *tenth* inst.

Among the exercises taught here, will be the *English, Latin* and *Greek* languages, gramatically.—*Reading, Writing* and *Arithmetic* in all its branches; *Stenography, Geometry, Geography* and the use of the *Globes, Navigation, Surveying, &c.*

This institution was formerly under the care and direction of the *Reverend Andrew Hunter*, and the same attention to the *education* and *morals* of the youth, which under him so highly distinguished it, will be pursued with unremitting endeavors, by the present principal and duly attended to by the trustees.

The town of Woodbury is situated on an high and elevated spot: It is airy, pleasant, and remarkably healthy, and is but nine miles distant from the City of Philadelphia.

Parents, guardians and others, who are disposed to send their youth to this place, will find exceeding good, decent and comfortable boarding and lodging, and upon reasonable terms.

Further application may be made to the principal, or

John Sparks
Thomas Hendry
Franklin Davenport
Joshua L. Howell } Trustees.
John Blackwood
John Lawrence
Thomas Heston

ELISHA CLARK,
Secretary of the Board.

Woodbury, Dec 3 dtot

TO-MORROW,
WILL BE LANDED,
At —— Wharf, from on board the Schooner THOMAS, Captain BROWN,
From MARTINIQUE!
111 Hhds. of bright Muscovada
SUGAR.
For Sale, by
Philips, Cramond & Co.

dec 3 3t

For Sale,

45 Boxes Havanna Sugar
56 Hhds. St Croix do } Entitled to
51 Bags Carracas Cocoa } Drawback.
35 Hhds. Coffee

RUNDLE & LEECH,
No. 9, Walnut-street.

dec 3 dtw

COFFEE.

25 Tierces Coffee,
FOR SALE BY
JAMES YARD,
Walnut-street Wharf.

dec 3 §

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.

JOHN NIXON & CO.

December 1. §

WANTED,

A Person who is a good accountant and understands Book-keeping, none need apply, who cannot produce good recommendations.—Enquire of the Printer hereof.

dec 3 §

FOR SALE,

And immediate possession give,

A CONVENIENT three Story Brick House Piazza and Kitchen, in a pleasant and airy part of the City—Enquire of the Printer.

dec 3 d6t

F. HELFFRICH

OFFERS his kind service to his friends and the the public in general, and informs them that he will undertake smoaking of Meat in the compleatest manner, and at the cheapest rate; has a large smoak-house, in which he will smoke at once a thousand pieces—he would therefore, kindly thank those who would favor him their custom, by applying to him at the corner of Shippen and Fifth streets.

dec. 3. ¶d3t

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JOHN BETZ, late of Southwark, baker, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having any demands against said Estate, to forward their accounts, properly attested, for settlement, to

CHRISTIAN BETZ, Administrator,
no. 135, Mulbery-street.

Philadelphia, december 3, 1798

FOR SALE,
By the Subscribers
200 Bolts Russia Duck,
50 pipes London particular bill Madeira Wine
1 pair nine pound Cannon
A few Bales Madras Handkerchiefs
4000 lbs Fine Flota Indigo
23 Barrels Beef.

Willings & Francis.
Penn-street,
November 28 §

FOR SALE
By the Subscribers,
ON VERY LOW TERMS
WAX CANDLES,
OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,
Either by the single box of 24lbs. or by the quantity.

Willings & Francis.

nov. 24

MAYOR'S OFFICE

REMOVED to 157 South Second-street.

Nov. 24. §2w

*** An Apprentice will be taken at this Office; if immediate application is made.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER* 4.

From the COLUMBIAN MIRROR.

NUMBER V.

TO THE PEOPLE OF VIRGINIA.

Fellow Citizens,

IN dissolving the constitutionality of the Sedition law, some notice was unavoidably taken of the other objections that have been made to it and which the remonstrance very truly represents as of inferior weight. It has been objected that this law has created new offences—what are they? The law has been verbily laid before you, and relates only to wo kinds of offences, unlawful conspiracs against the government and laws of the United States, and malicious libels against the government or either house of congress or the president. Is either a new offence? You have been told that an unlawful conpiracy to subvert the government, or to prevent the due execution of the laws, is an offence newly created by this act of congress. Rather I should say it was an offence created by the constitution, was coeval with t, and punishable as a treasonable misdemeanor, though no law of congress had been made defining the punishment. As a general principle, disobedience to a law is a public offence, and, consequently, disobedience to the constitution, which is the supreme law above all earthly laws, must be a public offence. Can then an unlawful conspiricy to oppose and prevent the due execution of the powers of the constitution or of the laws, be deemed a new offence? I almost blush while I answer before a sensible people an objection as futile as impudent. "If (says the remonstrance) we were influenced by any vague opinions of the right of the government to defend itself bylaws against libels, riots and unlawful assemblies, we should be checked in no small degree by the spirit of the provisions against treason, which may be defined a *direct* attack upon the existence of the government. Supreme in enormity as this crime is, it is restricted to two cases expressed in language which for centuries have been fixed by judicial decisions." What, is it denied that the government may defend itself by laws against libels and treasonable conspiracies? Can any proposition more directly attack the existence of the government than this? Does it not explain the intentions of the authors and patrons of the sentiments contained in this remonstrance from Albemarle? Is treason itself more directly pointed against the existence of the constitution than the sentiment that the United States may not protect and defend themselves by laws against conspiracies for stopping the wheels of government? Because, by the constitution, "treason against the United States consists only in levying war against them or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort," it is inferred in the remonstrance that a conspiracy to commit treason is no offence at all, or that it is a new offence, unknown till the sidition law was passed. Can this, for a moment, be conceived to be a just inference? But suppose a new offence has been introduced by this law, I demand of any good citizen, who loves his country, if it has not been proper in itself. Congress is empowered "to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, *suppress insurrections*, and repel invasions." If such be the power of Congress, it seems to be their legislative duty to make a call upon the militia for any of those purposes as seldom necessary as possible—or shall the laws be suffered to be impeded in their execution by combinations of conspirators, until such combinations are suppressed by the militia?—shall insurgents be permitted to organize themselves for serious resistance, before the hand of government shall be stretched forth to reduce them to obedience? Rather, ought not all such unwarrantable and destructive conspiracies to be prevented in the due and ordinary course of legal punishment, and the militia be relieved from the painful service of using arms against their fellow citizens? Are not treasonable conspirators the precursors of treason? If the former may rightfully grow up and flourish, and there can be no law to prevent them, will not their fruit be open rebellion and treason? I cannot believe that this doctrine has been generally seen in its true light in this state. It is a doctrine too unnatural, too unreasonable, too monstrous for any prsons to advocate, who have a *real wish for the continuance of our constitution.* While it takes away the power of self preservation, it gives a vital stab to it; and I am sure that many who have been led by means of gross misrepresentations of this and other laws to complain of them, have not a wish to put an end to the government.

Another case of dissatisfaction is stated to be, that the expressions of the law are vague and uncertain; and that old offences are newly modified. To this, a short answer may be given. Examine the law and you will find the expressions the same as have been always in common use among us, and whose meaning has been definitely settled in our courts. An unlawful conspiracy of a number of persons, with intent to oppose any measure of the government, directed by the proper authority, or with intent to impede the operation of any law; or to intimidate or prevent any person holding an office under the United Sates, from performing his duty—seems to be language adapted to the understanding of every citizen. So also, "to counsel, advise, or attempt to procure any *insurrection riot, unlawful assembly or combination, with intent*" to do either of the evil acts beforementioned, seem to be words equally plain and intelligible. "To write, print, utter or publish; or to procure to be written, printed, uttered or published; or knowingly and willingly to assist or aid in writing printing, uttering or publishing any false, scandalous and malicious writings against the government of the United States or either houses of congress, or the president, with intent to defame either of them," are expressions free from doubt; and I regret to observe, that offences have been too long permitted with impunity. In all these cases, *an evil intent* is indispensible to constitute the offence; and in all trials the jury posses the exclusive right of deciding whether the intent be good or bad.

To give force to objections of this kind, it is painful to remark the misrepresentations which have found their way in the remonstrance. It asserts, that "the turpitude of a public officer may deserve censure; and yet if there be a combination between two men to exhibit him to the world, as unworthy of confidence for that very conduct, this may fall under the severe, denomination of intimidating or preventing him from undertaking, performing or executing his trust or duty." This is not truly said of the law. A publick officer is still an object of candid scrutiny as heretofore. He may be exhibited in *his real* colours, as freely now as at any time heretofore; and there is no restraint upon speaking or printing the truth of any public officer whatever. As to libels, those only are mentioned in the law which defame the government or either house of congress, or the president, and every other officer remains under the ancient protection of the laws and constitution.

Equally shameful and groundless is the assertion, that "he who barely records political events, and draws conclusions from them unfavorable to a president without any intention to publish them; the historian who writes now, but postpones the publication until the tumult shall have subsided is liable to a fine of two thousand dollars and an imprisonment of two years." In the same spirit it is also said that "if a printer be timid, he will discard every picture of public affairs or public servants, which is not so emblazoned with flattery as to shield him from the possibility of punishment."

In a former paper I endeavored to shew that the freedom of the press was unabridged, and if I have proved that to your satisfaction, which I trust I have done, nothing remains to be added to prove the fallacy of these assertions. But as if determined to reach the highest point possible for the purpose of alarming your fears, the remonstrance states that "one neighbor cannot lend to another for perusal a newspaper, which he knows to contain an assault on the president coming within this act, because this would be uttering or publishing" I have observed already that there can be no offence committed against this law without *an evil intent*, such as the law has described. How then can the harmless loan of a newspaper be tortured into a crime? What is there in the law, or any law of congress, which warrants so incredible a representation? Is it not an experiment on your credulity and an insult on your understanding? I pray you to consider by what means, and for what ends, so many erroneous statements, and so many disquieting assertions are to be found in a remonstrance coming from a county in which, at least, correct information might be obtained.

VIRGINIENSIS.

November 24.

☞ THE OFFICE

OF the Committee appointed to superintend the building of the Frigate, is again opened at No. 95, South Front Street, where attendance will be given to receive the subscriptions of those gentleman who have not yet made payments.

november 12 dtf

FOR SALE,

AT THIS OFFICE,

A FEW Copies of an interesting Work, in French, entitled a History of

The Administration of the French Finances,

DURING THE YEAR 1796.

Also, An Historical and Political View of the Administration of the French Republic, during the year 1797,—of the causes which produced the

Revolution of the 4th September—And of the results of that Revolution.

PRICE 1 DOLLAR EACH.

These two political tracts, are from the pen of the celebrated d'Ivernois, and contain a thousand interesting disclosures of the folly, venality and profligacy of the different Usurpers who have reigned in France during the latter stages of the horrible Revolution now pending in that miserable and depraved country.

Nov. 3. §

Mails for South-Carolina & Georgia,

PACKETS are now provided for carrying the Public mails by water between Philadelphia and Charleston. They will leave Philadelphia on Friday's. The post by land will be continued twice a week until an experiment is made in regard to the expedition and regularity of the packets. If any person chuses to have their letters sent by land only, they will please to write the word *Land* upon the letters: otherwise they will be sent by that conveyance which will first start after the letters are left in the post-office.

Joseph Habersham,
Post-Master General.

Philadelphia, August 13, 1798. §

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED last night, a second time, from the Marine Camp, *David Luper*, a fifer.—He had when he went away, a plain blue jacket and vest, light blue overalls, a round hat, which had been bound with yellow, and which he had ripped off in his first desertion, and a pair of new shoes. he is a Carpenter by trade, has grey eyes, sandy hair fallow complexion and a nitch in his upper lip His back is still sore from a flogging he got a few days ago. He may be discovered by his fifeing, as he plays extremely well.

W. W. BURROWS, Major Com. of the Marine Corps.

October 17.

Late Foreign News.

LONDON October 2.

The Brest fleet is certainly at sea, in considerable force; Government received intimation of the fact on Saturday, and letters from Falmouth, received this morning, state that the American ship Mount Vernon, Capt. Merick, from Baltimore, has arrived there, the Master of which reports, that on Wednesday last, about 20 leagues West of the Scilly Islands, he fell in with the Clyde, Mermaid, Ambuscade, and Stag frigates, when a boat from one of them boarded him, and informed him, that on the preceding day they had fallen in with nine sail of French men of war, with troops on board, which they supposed to be destined for Ireland—The frigates dispatched a cutter to seek Lord Bridport's fleet, and were steering for Ireland with the wind at East.

The Government account of the above force makes it consist of two sail of the line and nine frigates, and some apprehensions are entertained that their destination is not Ireland, but the West Indies; we will however, hope, that Lord Bridport will be able to fall in with them. He sailed from Torbay on Wednesday last.

The Ramilies, Triumph, Saturn, of 74 guns the Repulse, and Polyhemus, of 64 guns each and a number of frigates are already cruizing off the Irish coast.

A report was yesterday in circulation, but we know not how originating, that Barras has been assassinated in Paris.

The Tea plant is found to succeed to admiration in the new Colony of Sierra Leone Some specimens of tea produced there have reached England, and been found of a quality equal to the best brought from China.

On Saturday, being Michaelmas day, according to annual custom, a great slaughter was made among the geese. The custom originated in the defeat of the Spanish Armada. The news being brought to Queen Elizabeth, when she was at dinner on a goose, she desired it might always be dressed on the Anniversary of that glorious event, to perpetuate the victory.

October 4.

Accounts dated the 27th of August, were received yesterday from Constantinople, that Nelson was off the island of Rhodes; he had not destroyed the French transports which were at Alexandria, but had left some of his squadron to prevent their getting away, and had sent to the Porte for bomb vessels, &c. to enable him to destroy them. Buonaparte had cut off the heads of above 200 Turks, for rejoicing at the victory over the French fleet—His troops were very sickly—he had expressed his determination of marching into Syria, but it was thought he would be prevented from want of provisions, &c. The Grand Seignor had removed his Vizier, because he did not think him sufficiently hostile to the French—The members of the French mission had been all arrested and imprisoned.

A subscription is opened at Lloyd's Coffee-House, for the families of the brave men who fell in the fleet under command of Admiral Nelson.

The East India Company has received letters from Bombay, of as late a date as the 10th of August, which contain the important intelligence of the British settlement being fully prepared for any expedition that can be undertaken by the French.

Letters from Paris, by the last Hamburg mail state, that a new revolution is preparing in the Luxemburg: The overthrow of the Legislative power, or the establishment of the Directorial Despotism at Rome, Milan and Genoa, are but previous essays to a design of the same nature to be executed in France.

A letter from Mentz dated the 7th of Sept. says, "Joubert, the general in chief of the army of Mentz, after reviewing the whole line, has given orders," that before the first Vendemaire (Sept. 22) next, all the troops are to be on the Nidda, or the Vanguard beyond that river, and are to be provided with every thing necessary to begin the military operations by a rapid march into the interior parts of Germany. In consequence of these directions, all the troops on both sides of the Rhine are moving, and putting in requisition every thing necessary for a long march.

CONGRESS AT RASTADT.

September 15.

Yesterday evening the French legation delivered in the following notes to the Imperial Minister Plenipotentiary.

The undersigned ministers plenipotentiary of the French republic for negociating a peace with the German empire, have received the note of the deputation of the empire, which was communicated to them on the 15th Fructidor (Sept. 11) by the minister plenipotentiary of his Imperial majesty.

Whatever may be the satisfaction which the undersigned may derive from the pacific language of the deputation of the empire; whatever may be the confidence they are disposed to place in it, they are nevertheless compelled to observe, that after more than nine months spent in negociation, words, and even intentions, are not sufficient; realities are necessary in order to prove a sincere desire for peace. Peace must be concluded, and the undersigned are unremitting in their endeavors to hold it out. It is true, indeed, that the deputation seems at present disposed to emerge from that state of indecision in which it has been held; it has recently assented to one of the important demands which have been made in the name of the French republic (to wit) the demolition of the fortifications of Ehrenbreitstein; and this assent, which it this day renews, is expressed in a manner which shews that the undersigned were not deceived when they made the uncontradicted declaration, that they regarded and accepted that assent as pure and simple. But why permit to remain in one of the preceding *conclusums* the conditional disposition that had crept into it? Why frustrate the good effects of a revolution, which, by obviating difficulties, and by restoring to the sacrifice made by the deputation the whole of its merit, might have given to the French government

an additional assurance, of the reciptocal loyalty of the negociations, and a firmer solidity to future engagements? It is also true that the deputation of the empire shews itself fully disposed to cede to the French republic the fortified island of St. Peter; but it seems to set an exaggerated price upon that cession, which would considerably reduce its value, and even the mere proposal of it would induce a belief that the deputation too easily forgot the many sacrifices which the French government has already made with a wish to restore peace to the empire. It is in general a mistake, and one can and ought to repeat it, to think of establishing between two contracting powers a reciprocity of advantages rigorously exact: that nice balance is scarcely ever to be found, either in the nature of things, or the respective position of persons; and if it could be admitted in the present negociation, it is evident that there would result from it a real inequality for the French republic, which in that case would not only lose a considerable part of the proportional satisfaction which is due to it but which would also see diminished in its hands the important advantages which it might have preserved, and which diminution would rise from the effect of that reciprocity. Such a system, utterly irreconcileable with any peace whatever, and much more unfounded, when contrasted with the splendor of the French victories, could never be seriously insisted on by sincere and judicious negociators.

Notwithstanding these observations, which were deemed necessary, the undersigned will not deny but that the note of the deputation of the empire has offered them some melioration in the state of affairs, and the happy though tardy possibility of a result impatiently looked for by both nations. It appears, indeed, from the analysis of that note, that at least all the essential difficulties are now reducible to these three questions:

1. The retaining by the French, or the restitution to the empire, of the fortified places Kehl and Cassel.

2. The transfer upon the countries given in exchange on the right bank of the Rhine of the debts which shall fall upon those ceded on the left bank.

3. The application or exemption of the French laws concerning the emigrants. All the rest, as the deputation observe, will be easily adjusted, when the great obstacles are removed. The attention of the undersigned then is wholly directed to these three questions, and the examination they have given to them has been the more scrupulous, because the two last seem nearly to affect the welfare, the liberty, and the fortune of a great number of families in the two states; objects which the French government holds sacred in its political relations with other countries, as well as in its internal administration. Accordingly they do not hesitate to make the following proclamations and declarations, at the same time under the express reservation that the fortified island of St. Pierre shall immediately be ceded to the French republic, and at the same time all the clauses and conditions annexed to the demolition of Ehrenbreitstein, and other demands of the undersigned, shall be annulled.

1. It would be useless here to relate the well known reasons which so powerfully induce the French republic to retain possession of Cassel and Kehl, with their dependencies. The same reasons still prevent them from agreeing totally to abandon these possessions. It is natural to believe that the princes and other states of the empire should consider this point in a political view, that they should ultimately regret their not having sufficiently perceived or properly appreciated this object. But instead of a salutary confidence, in seeing several fortified places in the hands of the French, they seem to have experienced an opposite feeling. In order to expel all apprehensions, the French republic gives up the fortresses of Kehl and Cassel, which shall be demolished, and only shall retain the territories.

2. With respect to the debts; the deputation surely have not presumed that the French government could agree to any arrangement which should be calculated too sensibly to deprecate the cession of the left bank of the Rhine; to perpetuate between the two nations the seeds of intricate discussions, and to transfer to a territory united to France the expence of the war, which the empire itself has incurred. The debts of the countries ceded, as the undersigned have uniformly said, shall be transferred to the countries on the right bank given by way of indemnification; but the republic will consent that the provincial and communal debts, with the exception of those which may have been contracted on account of and for the expences of the war, shall be and continue to affect the ceded territories. The rights of the third creditors are reserved.

3. The undersigned declare, that the laws respecting emigration are not applicable to countries ceded and not united, not even to Mentz. They make this consolatory declaration with pleasure: but as the article to which this forms a reply, is enumerated among the 18 articles annexed to the note of the deputation of the 3d of March, and this article is connected with articles mentioned in the note of the 11th of the same month, it is proper here to explain this point precisely. The undersigned declares then, that they have now answered those articles and presuppositions in every point capable of discussion, farther referring themselves to their note of the 19th Germinal, and declaring that the French legation does not, and never can regard these articles and presuppositions, but as insulated, distinct from one another, and independent of all others, and that they will oppose every application of them employed to invalidate or elude the point agreed upon.

The ministers plenipotentiary of the French Republic present this note as the pledge of peace.

France and Germany being now the judges of the affair the French legation flatter themselves that the deputation of the empire will unite with them in this opinion, and that they will not take upon them the responsibility of being the first to produce a rupture. They give the minister plenipotentiary of his majesty the emperor their assurances of the most distinguished consideration.

(Signed) BONNIER,
JOHN DEBRY,
ROBERJEOT.

Rastadt, 28th Fructidor, Sept. 14, 6th year of the French Republic.

The undersigned ministers plenipotentiary of the French republic for the negociation of peace with the Germanic empire, received on the 25th (Sept 10) a second note from the deputation of the empire transmitted to them by the minister plenipotentiary of his majesty the emperor.

The particular object of this note is to demand the recal of the republican troops on the right bank. The undersigned invite the deputation of the empire to weigh well this truth; so clearly demonstrated since the opening of the conferences—that the executive directory of the French republic is sincerely desirous of peace and a speedy and perfect reconciliation between the two states; that it desires nothing so much as to see not merely diminished but entirely superceded, by the happy inutility of defensive precautions, the circumstances connected with the present situation of affairs, and that this anxiety for precaution may utterly cease.

The deputation of the empire cannot, upon its side, fail to perceive, that the demand which it renews at present is premature; that the abandoning the military positions being necessarily the first consequence of an effectuated pacification, there is no peremptory reason why the troops of the republic should be withdrawn from the other side of the Rhine. By repeating an observation thus essentially just, the undersigned will avail themselves of it, in order to stroy a very bold and ungrounded assertion, propagated far and near, and which the enemies of the French nation will, doubtless, not be backward to circulate and enforce. It has been said that the republican troops had transgressed the line marked by the amnesty. The ministers plenipotentiary of the French republic give a formal and full contradiction to this pretended fact. They assert that the republican troops have not overstepped the lines fixed on for the two armies. This example, to which it were easy to annex others of a similar nature, ought to have reminded the deputation of the empire to guard itself against all kinds of reports, exaggerated or absolutely false, which may have been, or shall hereafter be made to them, uniformly with the hope of exasperating the public mind, and perhaps to withdraw their attention from designs that are truly hostile. No one can be ignorant that certain individual hardships are inseparable from the transition from a state of war to that of peace: it is not the fault of the undersigned that this transition has not proved happy and rapid; it behoves the deputation of the empire to become daily more thoroughly convinced that the most efficacious labor that can ever be exerted for the solace and happiness of nations, are principally and only those that tend to prevent the calamities of war by a speedy pacification.—It belongs to the deputation to yield to the wishes of the Princes, and of all the inhabitants of Germany, whose remonstrances, and even whose complaints swell into a cry for peace. Then all subjects of uneasiness on either side must cease, and the remembrance of past sufferings will be drowned in the enjoyment of a tranquil and durable prosperity.

The ministers plenipotentiary of the French republic, in closing the present note reserve themselves expressly to what they have declared in their first note of this day, relatively to the 18 articles annexed to the note of the deputation of the empire of the 3d March, and to the hints thrown out in the note 11th of the same month.

They assure the minister plenipotentiary of his imperial majesty of their most distinguished consideration. BONNIER,

(Signed) JEAN DEBRY,
ROBERJEOT,

Rastadt, 28th Fructidor, Sept. 14, 6th year of the French Repnblic.

HAMBURGH, October 6.

They write from Paris under the date of 28th September, that further accounts were received there of Buonapaate's landing in Egypt.

The fleet arrived at Alexandria on the 13th Messidor (July 1.) The English fleet had been there three days before. In the night of the 2d July they began landing the troops, and Buonaparte in person went on board one of the gallies, and followed the columns. On the 2d July they landed, and in the evening Alexandria was besieged, before even the artillery had been landed.—They had no other arms or weapons than bayonets and ladders for scaling the walls. Two or three hundred were killed or wounded. The division that began the siege was commanded by generals Kleber and Menue. The former was wounded in the head by a musket shot, and the latter received a contusion in the thigh by a stone from the walls At length French courage conquered, and they took Alexandria. After it was taken, instead of committing any cruelties, they shewed the greatest friendship to the inhabitants. The sheriff was kept in his place, and received the tri-coloured scarf as a compliment. They took possession of the place and the arms. Buonaparte assembled all the leading characters to insure the safety of himself and army. When the French came to take possession of some other fortifications, the garrisons not being acquainted with the surrender of Alexandria, fired on them and killed several. The Arabians intercepted the watering parties, and killed nine from the ship Tonnant. The same day about 30 Arabs appeared in the neighbourhood, and were surrounded by a detachment of French cavalry, and all killed except one. After the surrender of Alexandria, Buonaparte sent several detachments to reconnoitre the adjacent villages, particularly Rosetta, which place opened its gates and sent a deputation to the French troops wite the tri-coloured flag.

After Buonaparte had taken possession of Alexandria and the adjacent towns, he embarked his army on the Nile for Cairo, he himself went by land to meet them and take the command. Cairo was attacked; gen. Brun, and the brigadier general Viall, at the head of the columns, took a situation which ensured them the city. On the 23d July Buonaparte entered Cairo.

On the 28th July admiral Brueys made known these circumstances by proclamation. The battle of the 2d August was already made known through the division generals and government commissioners.

Besides the loss of Brueys, we must lament the loss of Captain Petit Thouars, who lost one of his legs and would not suffer himself to be dressed. He kept the quarter deck to encourage and command his crew. The English fleet has sueffred as much as ours. The French ship Genereaux is very probably at present at Corfu. All the gun boats, the ships Le Causse and Dubois, together with all the transports, are either in the port of Alexandria or on the Nile, where they are very safe. Admiral Brueys, who, as it is already known, lost his life in the battle, made the capture of Cairo known on board his fleet, by the following proclamation: "Fellow Citizens, our brave Commanders have taken possession of Grand Cairo, the principal city of Egypt. The Beys placed all their hopes in the defence of this city. Ten thousand Mamelukes attacked them with great violence, but were repulsed immediately. One thousand of them were cut to pieces, and a great number drowned in the Nile. The remainder took to flight in the greatest confusion, and almost the whole of them were wounded. We took all their baggage, three hundred loaded Camels, and three hundred horses richly caparisoned. The generals Brun and Viall, followed by their brave troops, took the Fort of Cairo by assault. The city of Grand Cairo, which contains 400,000 inhabitants, sent a deputation to the French army. General Buonaparte entered Cairo with the acclamations of all the citizens. The Capture of this city ensures us all Egypt, and gives another palm to our victorious trophies. Long live the French people, and the French Republic!

(Signed) BRUEYS."

Domestic Articles.

PORTSMOUTH (N.H.) Nov. 24.

A JACOBIN'S NAME.

We are requested to mention the Jacobin's name, who petitioned to Victor Hugues for fraternal treatment, (as stated in the last Oracle.)—It was a capt. Mason, in a brig from Philadelphia.—We have not been able to obtain a true copy of Victor's letter; but it is supposed to have run in the following style:

HEALTH & FRATERNITY.

Dear Sir,

Your's of this day's date is received.—Can you think that the Terrible Republic needs the support of American Traitors? The magnanimous French nation despises such scoundrels! The only discrimination I shall make, is to confine you with greater severity, and keep you on shorter allowance; for the villain who prefers any country to his own, merits the guillotine.

V. HUGUES.

Violent Snow Storm.

On Saturday evening last, commenced a violent Snow Storm; Sunday it abated, Sunday night it increased to greater violence, and the wind blew excessively hard from the N. E —The tempest continued all day on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and on the evening of Wednesday the weather cleared up. The quantity of snow which fell seems almost incredible, and the oldest people assert that they never knew such a storm so early in the season.

The country posts from various parts inform, that they were obliged to ride through fields for miles together, and some places where paths had been shovelled, the snow on both sides of the road was as high as their heads when on their horses. They also observed in several instances the snow was so banked against different houses, that it was with great difficulty the inhabitants could get out, until they dug under the banks, and left their snow pendant above their heads. A few instances of a similar nature occurred in this town and the vicinity.

BOSTON, November 27.

FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVES.

PLEASING INFORMATION.

Hon. Mr. Parker arrived last evening, on his way to Philadelphia, and says, the following state of votes in the First Eastern District may be relied on as correct:

	Dearborn	*Lee*	*Dummer*
County of Lincoln,	402	328	93
County of Hancock,	62	418	00
	464	746	93

So that Mr. Lee is elected by a handsome majority without the county of Washington, in which Mr. Lee has *all the votes*, but the number not known,

Thus the shrewd calculations of the Chronicles are blasted again.

SAVANNAH, November 18.

It is with pleasure we announce the arrival of our coast of the Armed Brig Eagle, commanded by Captain Hugh Campbell. She sailed from Hampton Roads on the 4th inst. and was spoken with by Capt Sinkins from Rhode-Island on the 9th. She mounts 16 six-pounders, has 70 men, and is intended to assist in the protection of our coast.

PRINTING WORK,
Of Every Kind,
EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,
At the OFFICE *of the* GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,
Oct. 13. dtf.

WRAPPING PAPER.
FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP,
A Quantity of printed Paper, suitable for Grocers, Tobacconists, &c. Enquire of the Printer,
nov 20 4t

FOR SALE,
The time of a Negro Girl, 12 years old, has 16 years to serve.—She is as stout as one of 16 years of age, healthy, industrious and capable of doing every household work. For terms apply at
no. 228, south Second street.
nov. 28 co1tf

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER* 4.

The following introduction to the Extract from Mr. Abercrombie's Sermon, was omitted through haste, in yesterday's Gazette.

MR. FENNO,

Finding that the sermon lately preached by the Rev. Mr. A. on the opening of the Episcopal Churches has been mentioned with considerable commendation, and a desire expressed by many to see the latter part of it printed—I have procured it from the author, who sacrificing his own judgment to the solicitation of his friends has permitted me to transcribe it for your Gazette.

Friday, Nov. 30. M.

A country jacobin insinuates that Joe Thomas has got a captaincy in the army. Thus do these caitiffs evince their contempt for one of the most important institutions of this country, and thus wantonly insult the whole body of American officers.

A candidate for congress at the Southward, declaims with great force on the decided opposition he is going to shew, in defence of our liberties, against *England*, France or *any other power* whatever. This patriotism is certainly of an exceptionable kind; for in the words of Hudibras, it may be asked

"Have we not enemies plus satis,
"Who cane et angue pejus hate us?"

The people of America will cease to wonder at the increased vilification heaped on Great-Britain from the press of the Aurora, when they learn that the present "doer" of that infamous paper is a miscreant, whose conduct, as a Printer, in the East-Indies had been such as to call for the most rigorous interposition of the government—

Lord Cornwallis found it necessary to put the *forger* "Jasper Dwight" in Irons with an intention of sending him to his account in England—from this situation the culprit contrived to escape to this country—

Quere. Does not the treaty with Great Britain provide for surrendering Fugitives from justice? Or did the vagabond arrive in America anterior to this salutary provision?

Dulness is not the less obnoxious for its greater or smaller quantity. Of this our Jacobin gazettes are striking evidences. From the Farthing Post, to the Daily Royal, they are alike insipid and disgusting. Their wit is of the drum kind, flat at both ends, and as to any thing else, a man might as well look for a Powder House in Hell as for one spark of sense, honesty or truth in their gazettes.

Poets and Orators are licensed in their extravagancies. This circumstance furnishes an apology for the declaration made to the President by *his excellency* the Governor; viz. "that not only the Officers of the militia, but *every individual* of the State of Pennsylvania, were ready to defend with their lives the present administration of the Federal government."—This was a bold *hyperbole*.

The insolent Barras, in the noon-tide of his fortune, vaunted of the esteem in which France was held by her allies. "France, strong in the esteem of her allies," said he, "surrounded by a crowd of victories," &c. —This short-sighted usurper looked only on one side of the mirror. A little penetration would have suggested to him, that the time might (as it has) come, when France, strongly detested by her allies, and surrounded by a crowd of defeats, must condescendingly stoop to the very governments she had most despised, insulted and abused.

How must Mr. *Hi-Devil* of St. Domingo have stared when he received Toussaint's mandate to take himself and his Directorial Banditti from the Island at a very short and unqualified notice!

It would seem that the retribution of their crimes is fast overtaking these monsters of iniquity in every part of the worl —Nor do we think it requires the gift of devination to predict their compleat overthrow before the end of the present century, although so near its close.

The atrocious conduct of the jacobin governor Jackson towards the federal printer M'Millan, would alone have been sufficient to shew the despotic disposition of our opposition chiefs, if such proof were wanting to evince that all bawling democrats have ever become tyrants, when in office.

Before our marine establishment had commenced, many said it was a premature business; but now, this versatile this ever changing multitude say "we have been tardy in our naval preparations."

The Jacobins, in their pointless malice, are incessantly railing at establishments, the introduction of which their own vices and misconduct alone render indispensable to the security of the government. Thus a navy, a standing army, or any other institution which is calculated to strengthen the arms of legal authority, and raise it above the daring efforts of faction, are called the "instruments of tyranny" or "the idol of despots."—Let the wretches relinquish their diabolical projects, & peaceably subserve the laws, or it will become the wish of every good citizen to see an established *formidable regular militia*, competent to overawe or subdue them,

It is now universally confessed that we ought to have armed in defence of our commerce twelve months sooner than we did; and as it is demonstrated by actual losses that 6 to 8 millions might thus have escaped from French piracies, our Federal Executive are justly entitled to additional esteem for the foresight and prudence they evinced although over ruled by the folly or ignorance of their numerous opponents.

Agreeably to a journment, the Legislature of Pennsylvania, this day, were to have commenced their session in this city. A quorum appearing in neither house each respectively adjourned till this afternoon, three o'clock.

In the House of Representatives of the United States, this day, forty nine members only appeared. It requiring five more to constitute a quorum, the house adjourned till to morrow morning, at eleven o'clock.

The Senate met, and adjourned without forming a quorum.

COMMUNICATIONS.

MR. FENNO,

IN your Gazette I have noted that long expected event, the expulsion of the French agents from St. Domingo, with much pleasure. The many robberies which have been committed by Santhonax and his French successors form a striking contrast with the honorable conduct of the black chief Toussaint, now sovereign lord of St. Domingo, and whatever may be the form of the new government for that island, it must at all events be better than the last. If the British government should join with us in our wishes for the Independence of St. Domingo, it will be fortunate for both countries, and humble the vanity of the Cinque Etes more than the defeat of admiral Bruyes—Add to this those commercial prospects which need no comment.

MERCATOR.

MR. FENNO,

IN approbation of that spirit with which you have volunteered in your enquiry into the progress of that horrid plot forming in this City, under the name of *United Irishmen* against our laws our properties and the government of our country, I refer you to an item in their gazette, the Aurora, of this morning, where a bold villain expresses his admiration, that the editor of a New-York paper, Mr. Snowden, should dare to speak in opposition to our enemies, the French, "while there are from *twenty* to *thirty thousand* United Irishmen in America." LOOK OUT.

MARRIED—On Wednesday evening by the Rev. Mr. Abercrombie, Capt. WM. BROWN, of this city, to Miss ANN SIDDONS of Chester.

Gazette Marine List.

Ship Sally, Gelston, blown out of the Delaware on the 21st ult. is ashore on the Horseshoe, in Chesapeak bay, with several feet water in her hold—two lighters lay along side her on Wednesday, for the purpose of receiving part of her cargo.

The Neptune, Douglas, and Lexington from London to this port, were in the Downs the 18th Sept. last.

The Eagle from Marseilles, ship Swift Packet, from Savannah and the Lady Washington, Latimere, from Teneriffe, are below.

New York December 3.

ARRIVED,

Brig Governor Hamilton, Cobb. Barbadoes
Nancy, Chace, Turks Island
Friends, Prin, Martinique
Sloop Sally and Mars, Judah, Nevis

FOR SAVANNAH,



The fast sailing and well accommodated SHIP
SWIFT-PACKET,
PATRICK GILBBEN master.
A constant trader, will sail in a few days.—For freight or passage apply to the master on board, or N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95, South Front street.
dec 4 d&w

FOR SALE,
Fifty Acres of Good Land,
LYING IN GLOUCESTER COUNTY,
State of New-Jersey,
TWENTY-FOUR acres of which are Woodland, the rest, Meadow. This land lies about half a mile from Timber-Creek, and two miles from the river Delaware, the county road passing through it, and the great road only two miles distant. For terms apply to, PATRICK DOGHERTY,
Sign of the Rainbow, in Shippen, between Second and Third streets.
dec 4 6t&w&sw

WANTED.
Convenient Lodgings, for an elderly Lady, in a respectable private family, where there are no children. Enquire at this office.
dec 4 d m

WANTED
AN Apprentice to the Paper-making Business—a boy about the age of 10 to 13 would be preferred. Enquire of the Printer.
december 4 3t

ADVERTISEMENT.

TODD & MOTT,
Of the City of Philadelphia, Merchants, having assigned over their effects, real, personal, and mixed, to the subscribers for the benefit of all their Creditors—

Notice is hereby Given,
TO all persons who are indebted to the said estate, that they are required to make immediate payment of their respective accounts to either of the assignees, in failure whereof, legal measures will be taken for the recovery of such debts as are not discharged without delay.

John Waddington
John Rhodes } Assignees.
John Allen.
nov. 26 tu.th&satFr

ALL PERSONS,
HAVING demands against the Estate of HENRY SCHAFFER, deceased, late of the City of Philadelphia, Malster and Shopkeeper are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated and all persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make speedy payment to
CASPAR W. HAINES,
FREDERICK GAUL, } *administrators.*
11th mo. 13 ¶aaw3w

224

992

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Attion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton, Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;

Or to Lease for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

july 17 2awtf

The Creditors of the Subscriber

ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED,

THAT he has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Montgomery county for the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed the 4th day of April last, entitled "an act providing that the person of a debtor shall not be liable to imprisonment for debt after delivering up his estate for the benefit of his creditors, unless he hath been guilty of fraud or embezzlement" and the judges of the said court have appointed Monday the tenth day of December next at ten o'clock in the forenoon at Norristown in the county aforesaid for a hearing of him and his crediters. GEORGE HIRST.

nov 17 tawstd10

EPHRAIM CLARK,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

Corner of Front and Market streets, Philadelphia,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

BY the different arrivals, a large supply of Clock and Watch makers and Silver Smiths Tools, files and materials,

CONSISTING OF

Rowling Mills, large and small Bench and Hand Vices, Turnbenches, Plyers, Sliding Tongs, Braces and Bits, Crooving tools, Saws, Scratch brushes, Blow pipes, Screw and Draw plates, large and small Hammers, Clock dials, cast brass Bells, forged work and pinions, Emery, Rotten stone, Pumice stone, Borax, Speiter Solder, Brass, Steel and iron wire, sheet Brass, main springs and glasses gold, gilt, and steel chains, seals and keys, &c. &c.

☞ Clocks and Watches carefully repaired

nov. 21 eodtf

CHARLES CAMPBELL,

WATCH-MAKER.

HAS removed to the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *John Wood*, No. 55, corner of Front and Chesnut-streets; where he will thankfully receive and execute orders with neatness and dispatch

HE HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

A Neat and Large Assortment of

Clocks & Watches.

WANTED,

A JOURNEYMAN;

ALSO, one or two Apprentices of respectable parents.

FOR SALE.

A large quantity of Watch Glasses

Wholesale and Retail.

nov 24 3awtf

The time of an Active

BLACK BOY,

WHO is about sixteen years old, and has five years to serve, to be disposed of He is well acquainted with the business of a farm, and handy at cooking or waiting in the house. Enquire at the office of this Gazette.

nov. 26 eo2w

Bank of the United States

November 19, 1778.

NOTICE,

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of the United States are informed, that according to the Statute of Incorporation, a General Election for twenty-five Directors will be held at the Bank of the United States, in the City of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 7th of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

And pursuant to the eleventh section of the bye laws, the Stockholders of the said Bank are also notified to assemble in general meeting, at the same place, on Tuesday, the 8th of January next, at 6 o'clock in the evening.

G. Simpson, Cashier.

Second Fundamental Article.

Not more than three fourths of the Directors in office, exclusive of the President, shall be eligible for the next ensuing year, but the Director who shall be President at the time of an election, may always be re-elected.

november 16 m.tE

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL,

AT HIS STORE,

No. 134, MARKET STREET,

HAS JUST OPENED, in addition to his former stock, a very extensive assortment of Men's, Women's, and Children's Hats, and all kinds of Stockings—particularly a quantity of Aberdeen knit Hose, suitable for the present season.

nov. 23 eo1m

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Six per Cents, funded debt—standing in the name of *Robert Wilson* of Calcutta in Bengal, Surgeon in the service of the honorable United Company of merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, which were lost from on board the Swallow-Packet, capt Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

	Dolls.	*Cts.*
No 10,444, Reg. office 14th Dec. 1793, one certificate for	1733	33
No 10,478, Reg office 17th Dec. 1793, one certificate for	1959	50

Elliston & John Perot.

nov 13 eod6w

WHEREAS the certificate of two shares of the Bank of the United States in the name of *Samuel Amory*, of London, banker, No 3182, issued in lieu of 11593, 11594, were forwarded from London by the British packet Countess of Leicester, capt. Dodd, bound for New-York, which packet was captured by the French, and the said certificate lost; and for the renewal of which, application is made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

Phila. Oct. 26, 1798. eo6w

IMPORTED

in the brig Eliza, capt. Peterson, from LEGHORN,

A SMALL QUANTITY OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES,

Bologna crape
Cambricks assorted
Silk stockings
Fans
a few fancy ribbons
Cotton blankets &c. &c. manufactured at Lucca
Pots and sticks of pomatum
Wash-balls, &c.
a few jars Gorgona anchovies
a small assortment of Drugs, &c.

And in the Louisa, capt. Kean, from BORDEAUX,

80 cases, containing 2 dozen each,

Old Irish Claret,

of a superior quality,

40 dozen old Sauturne Wine,

of a superior quality.

FOR SALE BY

James Latimer, jr.

nov. 10 eo4w

Canal Lottery, No. II.

Will re-commence drawing in the course of the present month.

TICKETS to be had Eight Dollars each at WILLIAM BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers office, No. 64 South Second-street, where check books are kept for registering and examination of Tickets in the above, City of Washington and Patterson Lotteries, &c.

STATE OF THE WHEEL,

One prize of	10,000 dollars	10,000
Five	4,000	20,000
Two	2,000	4,000
Two	1,000	2,000
Ten	500	5,000
Twenty-seven	200	5,400

With a full proportion of the one hundred and of the fifty dollar prizes—The Lottery is more than two thirds drawn and above 15,000 dollars richer than at the commencement.

☞ Note, the business of a Broker duly attended to in all its branches.

nov. 6 tu.fr.

DOBBIN & ROBERTS,

TAYLORS,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Customers, and the Public in general, that they have removed from No. 114, Chesnut Street, to

No. 30, South Fourth Street;

Where orders in their line will be thankfully received and diligently attended to.

november 15 mw&f.tw

R. TAYLOR,

MUSIC PROFESSOR,

NO. 96, NORTH SIXTH-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he continues to teach Ladies the *Piano Forte* as usual.

Nov. 6. tuthsa

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of six per cents. funded debts, standing in the name of *Jane Gabrielle Rigaud*, of Geneva, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, Capt. Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

		Dolls.
No. 3195. Reg. office 19th May '95, 1 cert. for		1000
13,181. do.	14th do. do. 1 do. for	3500

Willings & Francis.

October 24. eod6w

Forty Dollars Rewad

FOR APPREHENDING

A GENTLEMAN NEGRO,

BY name GEORGE or GYORGE PARKER, the property of the subscriber, who has thought proper on the night of the 21st inst. to elope from his master without any provocation or just cause; he was formerly the property of Beckwith Butler, esq. and lived a considerable time with ——— Pottenger, who kept tavern in Fredericksburg, having seen much company and travelled with several gentlemen through different parts of this state, he is much known. It is therefore conjectured he will push for some of the northern cities or towns as he has discovered an aversion to plantation work, though he may perhaps have crossed the ridge where he has a brother belonging to major Butler.

This fellow is about five feet seven inches high, well proportioned and walks active and brisk, his countenance is open and agreeable enough when in good humour; he can hardly be surpast in shrewdness, and is a very capable waiting-man, house servant, barber, &c. To describe his dress would be useless, as he possessed a variety of clothes. though when dressed lately, he wore a green coat bound with white ferreting and spotted jacket and breeches. Whoever brings him home or secures in goal in this or any other state the said slave, so that I may get him again, shall have the above reward. ALEXANDER VASS.

Falmouth Oct. 23, 1798.

N. B.—Masters of vessels and Stage Drivers are requested to beware of suffering said fellow to impose on them by assisting his escape. *A. V.*

November 3 w&f.4w

This Day Published,

And for sale at the Office of the Editor, No. 119 Chesnut-street,

(Price 1-8th of a Dollar,)

AN ORATION,

Pronounced July 4, 1798,

At the request of the Inhabitants of the TOWN of *BOSTON*, in commemoration of the anniversary of American Independence.

By JOSIAH QUINCY.

"The inroads upon our public liberty, call for reparation—The wrongs we have sustained, call for—*Justice*. That Reparation and that Justice, may yet be obtained, by *Union*, *Spirit*, and *Firmness*. But to *divide* and *conquer* was the maxim of the Devil in the garden of Eden, and to *disunite* and *enslave* hath been the principle of all *his* votaries from that period to the present."

Observations on the Boston Port-Bill, &c. p. 78 by the late J. Quincy, jun.

august 11

This Day is Published,

AND FOR SALE BY J. FENNO, 119, CHESNUT-STREET

AN ADDRESS

To the People of Maryland,

ON the origin, progress and present state of French aggression, with a sketch of the infamous attempts to degrade the Government of the United States, and some reflections on the late proceedings in Congress; written the last of April in the present year, by a Member of the House of Representatives. § june 11

NOTICE.

ALL persons who have any demands against the estate of the late WILLIAM CLIFTON, deceased, and who have not already produced their their accounts, are requested to send them to the subscriber at no 172, north Second street.

ELIZABETH TUCKER, Adm'x

Philadelphia, nov. 29, 1798 m&th4w

PLANS

For payment of a tribute to France,

Are now for sale at William Young's Book and Stationary store.

	dols.	*cts.*
D'Antoni's treatise on Gun-powder and fire arms, and artillery service, plates,	3	4
Muller's field engineer with plates	2	75
Attack and defence, the 4th edition enlarged by Lardman, with a new method of mining, plates	3	
Treatise of artillery, to which is added a theory of Gun-powder, applied to fire arms	2	74
Supplement, containing the true projectile,	2	
L'Artillerie Raisonné, par le Blond, 3 tome, planches	6	
Theorie de la guerre par Mazeroy, planches	2	3
Reid's present system of military discipline London printed, 1798,	1	50
Regulations for the order and discipline of the troops of the United States		
General White's military system for the New Jersey cavalry		33
The American trooper's pocket companion by Pariset		52
A treatise on the new sword exercise		25

Now in the Press,

Articles of War—Steuben's regulations with plates, exhibiting the manual exercise.

nov. 23 5t

Philadelphia, November 26, 1798.

ALL persons desirous of furnishing by contract rations of provisions, straw and fuel, for all the troops, which now are, or hereafter may be at any or every station, post, encampment, recruiting rendezvous or elsewhere in the state of Pennsylvania, for and during the year 1799, except at Presqu'Isle, La Bœuff, Fort Franklin and Pittsburg—will be pleased to send in their proposals under sealed covers, on or before the 20th of next month, December, to

TENCH FRANCIS, *Purveyor.*

THE RATION TO CONSIST OF

11-4 pound of beef or 3 4 of a pound of pork
18 ounces of bread or flour
1 gill of rum, brandy or whiskey.

2 quarts of salt
4 quarts of vinegar
4 pounds of soap
1 1-2lb. candles.

} For every 100 rations.

As Congress may at their next session make alterations in the quantity of some of the component parts of this ration—it is requested of those who may offer proposals to name the price of each part, which will serve to govern in case of diminution or increase.

nov. 26 tu.w&th12D

Mrs. Spurrier,

MIDWIFE,

From the city of London lying-in Hospital,

EMBRACES this opportunity of returning her sincere thanks to those ladies whom she has had the honor to attend, and most respectfully informs them and her other friends that she has removed to south Sixth street two doors from Chesnut street, opposite Congress Hall, where she flatters herself by careful attention to the duties of her profession to merit their future favors.

nov 28 tu&sa.1m

ALL PERSONS,

HAVING claims against the ESTATE OF *SUSANNAH LOCKYER*, deceased, are requested to present their respective accounts to

NATHAN A. SMITH, } *Acting Executors.*
OR
JOHN DORSEY, }

A LEASE OF THE HOUSE

Lately occupied by *Susannah Lockyer*, together *with THE STOCK OF GOODS,*

Are to be disposed of—— Time will be given for the latter on un-exceptionable security.

nov 9 3aw6w

GEORGE DAVIS'S

LAW-BOOK STORE,

No. 319 HIGH STREET,

Latest London & Irish Editions.

GEORGE DAVIS's Fall importation is now arranged of which a more capital collection he believes was never offered for sale either in this City, London or Dublin It combines almost every book in, with several valuable books out of print. Davis's confining himself to the sale of Law-Books only, it will appear obvious to professional Gentlemen, the advantages they have both in selection and price by purchasing from him.

His Catalogues being ready, gentlemen will particularly oblige him by calling for them—and to those residing at a distance, by favoring him with their address (post-paid) they shall be sent.

nov 26 m&th2m

Smith & Rodman,

No. 49, South Front street.

Have just received per the William Penn, *and* Jane, *from LONDON*, Diana *and* Thomas *from LIVERPOOL, and* Kingston, *from HULL,*

A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE

Plain, twill'd and striped Coatings	Crapes
Fine white and red Welsh Flannels	Plain & striped Wildbores
Do. yellow and scarlet do.	Worsted, Yarn & Cotton Hose
Superfine and low priced 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, cloths of all colors	Men and Boys Woollen Mittens
Plains and Halfthicks	7-8 bleach'd Irish Dowlass
Forest and Hunter Cloths	3-4 brown Irish Linen
Green and Red Drapery Baize	9-8 white and brown Irish Sheetings
Do. 5-4, 6-4, and 7-4, do	Flaxen & Tow Oznaburgh in bales
Red & green Bocking do.	Drogheda & Irish Silesias
Swansdowns & Toilanetts	7-8 and yard-wide Irish Linens
Rose, Point and Duffill Blankets	Printed Callicoes & Chintzes
Superfine London Cassimeres of the newest and most fashionable colors	Printed Linen and bord'd Handkerchiefs
Low priced Yorkshire do.	Cotton & Callicoe Checks
Plain and striped Callimancoes	Thread Edgings & Lace
Joan Spinnings & Durants	Men's Beaver Gloves
Rattinetts & Shaloons	Pins in small cases
Norwich Cambletts, for Cloaks	Holland Tapes & Bobbins
Bombazetts and Black	Thicksets and Corduroys
	Hunting and fancy Cords
	Velvets and Velveteens
	Black and olive Cottonades

With a variety of other Articles on hand, for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash or the usual credit.

Nov 6 tu,th&sa,tf

Just Imported,

A quantity of salt-petre, refined
Gun powder, F and double sealed battle
Cannon, 4 and 6 pounders
London porter and Burton Beer
Mustard squares, 4 ounces
Best Durham mustard
Ginghams, subject to drawback

All of which will be sold on moderate terms by

HENRY DAVIES, junr.

No. 93, south Second street, opposite the city tavern.

nov. 9 mw&f.tf

Bank of the United States.

November 14, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT application will be made at the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of a Certificate of Six per Cent Funded Debt. No. 15,548, for 18,782 dollars, 33 cents, dated Register's Office, January 8th, 1798, issued in the names of *William Willink, Jan Willink, Nicholas & Jacob Van Staphorst & Hubbard*, Trustees for sundry money lenders in Amsterdam; which was forwarded the 11th of January, 1798, under cover to Nicholas Obbes, esq. and lost by the capture of the ship Columbus, captain Skinner, from New-York for Amsterdam

G. Simpson, cash'r.

nov 14 taw6w

The Creditors

Of William Steedman and John Smith, of the County of Northumberland, in the State of Pennsylvania, lately trading under the Firm of

STEEDMAN & SMITH,

WILL TAKE NOTICE, that the Subscribers have made application to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Northumberland aforesaid, for the benefit of the several laws of the State of Pennsylvania passed for the relief of insolvent Debtors, and that the said Court hath appointed the Thirtieth day of November next, being the Friday of the Court of Common Pleas, to hear us and our Creditors at Sunbury, in the County of Northumberland, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

WILLIAM STEEDMAN.
JOHN SMITH.

Northumberland, November 1, 1798.

november 7 taw3w

To the Creditors

Of Will'm M'Clelland, of Northumberland County, in the State of Pennsylvania.

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the County of Northumberland, for the benefit of the several laws of Pennsylvania, passed for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and the Judges of the said Court have appointed the Thirtieth day of November inst. it being the Friday of the court of Common Pleas for the County of Northumberland, to hear me and my Creditors at the Court House in Sunbury, at which time and place my Creditors may attend if they think proper.

WM. Mc. CLELAND.

Northumberland, November 1, 1798.

november 7. taw3w

NOTICE.

SAMUEL RICHARDET, informs the Gentlemen Subscribers, that the *EXCHANGE* is opened for their reception; and the *CITY TAVERN*, for Gentlemen and Travellers—Last Spring added an addition of twelve Bed Chambers to the side building, which makes it perfectly convenient.

november 6 taw

Horses to Winter.

HORSES will be taken in to winter at PROSPECT HILL, at the 12 Mile Stone, on the Bristol road; they will be well fed with clover and timothy hay, well littered and cleaned, and will also have a large field to exercise themselves in when the weather is good.—Enquire of Mr. *William Bell*, merchant, Water street, or on the premises.

Nov. 7 wf tf

JAMES & RICHARD SMITH,

HAVE this day returned from the country to their STORE, No. 54, South Front-street, where they have for sale, as usual, a large and general assortment of European and East-India

DRY GOODS;

most of which have now arrived and are landing, from the different vessels, from Hamburgh, London, Liverpool and Hull.

Their Customers by applying will find almost every article generally imported, and at as low prices for cash or credit, as they can be had elsewhere.

N. B. A few Cases of Nurenbergh TOYS, a consignment, to be sold by the case only.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1798. dtf

Millenery Room,

No. 136, Market Street.

THREE or four young women who are well acquainted with the Millenery business, and can bring good recommendations may be employed by applying as above to

D. CHRYSTAL.

nov. 26 §

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.

400 Casks of Nails,

CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—sprigs—tucks—tenpper nails—sheathing nails, &c.

FOR SALE BY,

Robert Denison, junr.

127 Market-street.

FOR SALE,

To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever

Several valuable building Lots,

In Philadelphia,

Enquire of William M. Biddle. no. 147, Chesnut-street.

nov. 22 §

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,

195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvas, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular } Madeira Wines
India market }
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pip
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper

Nicklin & Griffith.

april 7 tuth&s.tf

Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

INTENDING to decline their present Business, offer for sale, at reduced prices, a handsome assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c. in lots to suit the purchasers.

John Green & Co.

No. 16, North Second street.

☞ Ironmongers

Will find the above Goods not unworty their attention.

nov 23 §

IMPORTED,

In the Ships Active and Liberty, from HAMBURGH.

Ticklenburghs,
Oznabrigs,
White Platillas
Brown Silesias
Bretagnes
Hessian Rolls
Brown Russia Sheetings
German Lindseys,
Bed Ticks, &c.

For Sale by

GEORGE PENNOCK.

no. 103 Market-street.

nov 20 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of William Beauchamp, lately deceased, are desired to make immediate payment and those who have any claims against said Estate to produce their accounts properly attested to

Saml. Price, executor.

nov 20 dtm

BEEF,

OF THE FIRST QUALITY,

And fit for India voyages.—For Sale By

WILLIAM SHEAFF,

No 168, High Street.

nov. 23 dtf

FOR SALE,

By the Subscriber,

Belfast Canvass, No. 1, to 7,

On moderate terms for Cash or a short credit.

James Lyle,

South Seventh street, near Chesnut.

nov 16 §

Forty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED,

From a Detachment of Men under my command, at Camp West Schuylkill, viz.

October 29.

GEORGE KELLER, 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, dark hair and complexion, born in Holland, no Trade, speaks broken English and very talkative, has a dimple in his chin.

November 6. John Murphy, 27 years of age, 5 feet 7½ inches in height, grey eyes, dark hair and complexion, born in Ireland, city of Dublin, by trade a Hozier.

Jacob Iden, 34 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, grey eyes, sandy hair, fresh complexion, born in New-England, state of Connecticut, a repeated deserter, by trade a Blacksmith.

November 7. William Collins, 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, sandy hair, fresh complexion, grey eyes, born in Ireland, county of Wexford, by trade a Gardner, has worked for some time about Philadelphia, he is very fond to hear himself Sing.

All the above deserters are very much addicted to liquor, and will take other people's property if in their power, are artificially marked on their backs, had on, when they went away, their regimental clothing. Whosoever apprehends said deserters, shall receive forty dollars reward, or ten dollars for each, with all reasonable expences, by applying to me as above,

EDWARD MILLER, captain

2d regiment of Infantry commanding.

nov 10 §

BALLAST.

A QUANTITY to be disposed of, if applied for immediately, on board the Ship Louisa, lying MR. HUMPHREY'S Ship Yard.

november 10. §

ALL PERSONS having any legal demands against the estate of *William Perkins*, deceased, late of the city of Philadelphia, Tavern keeper, are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the subscriber in Philadelphia.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH Admnr.

October 31st, 1798.

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:

BE IT REMEMBERED,

(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:

"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Bar"ton, M. D. Correspondent Member of the Socie"ty of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Correspondieg Member of the Massa"chusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'

November 2, 1798.

A Young Man,

WHO writes a good hand, understands accounts and can be well recommended, wants a Situation as Clerk or Assistant in a Wholesale Store, or Counting-house. Application to be made at this Office.

nov 14 §

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

JOHN A. SHAEFFER, of Philadelphia, who has for a few years past been in the southern States, has had the effrontery to draw several Bills of Exchange on Timothy Pickering, Esq. Secretary of State, and myself, and by that means has defrauded a number of persons of their money, deceiving them by an exhibition of letters and papers with the names affixed of divers public characters and reputable merchants highly recommendatory of said Shaeffer; to one of these papers I find my name subscribed, but I do not know the man; these are villainous forgeries! To prevent further imposition, I have to request the printers of Newspapers in the United States to publish this for the benefit of their fellow-citizens. SAMUEL MEREDITH,

Treasurer of the United States.

Trenton, New-Jersey, October 24, 1798.

To be Let,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN

ON THE 14TH APRIL NEXT,

THE CITY TAVERN,

Now in the possession of Samuel Richardet.

Apply at this Office.

november 13 §